

INFECTION CONTROL ASSESSMENT ANSWERS

Name

Date Completed

Q1 At what point during a procedure requiring the use of sharps should the sharps be disposed of? (Select one)

- After the procedure is completed and on return to the utility room
- Immediately after the full procedure has been successfully carried out on the patient
- Immediately after the sharp has been used (at the point of use)

Q2 Which zone within the clinical environment has the highest risk of transmitting infection? (Select one)

- The Healthcare Zone
- The Patient Zone
- The Acute Care Zone

Q3 Which of the following statements is correct? (Select one)

- A Hospital Acquired Infection (HAI) is an infection acquired in any healthcare setting
- A Hospital Acquired Infection (HAI) is an infection that was not present or incubating at the time of hospital admission

Q4 Identify three common HCAI

- Tuberculosis
- MRSA
- Scabies
- Clostridium Difficile
- Shingles
- Norovirus

Q5 Which of the following statement is correct (duplicate of Q3)

- A Health Care Acquired Infection (HCAI) is an infection acquired in any healthcare setting
- A Health Care Acquired Infection (HCAI) is an infection that was not present or incubating at the time of hospital admission

Q6 Identify the five categories that make up the standard precautions for Infection Prevention and Control?

- Hand Hygiene
- Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- Decontamination
- Body fluid spillages
- Safe handling of waste and segregation
- Isolation procedures

Q7 How many times should taps be run and toilets be flushed every week (Select one)

- Three times
- Daily
- Two times
- Five times

Q8 What should be used to clean a trolley or patient's table (Select one)

- Hospec detergent
- Chlor + 1000 wipes
- Sanicloth Active wipes

Q9 What must be carried out in order to enable correct selection of Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) (Select one)

- A risk assessment on the transmission and contamination to patient and healthcare workers from blood, bodily fluid, secretions and excretions
- A visual and practical assessment on the transmission and contamination to patient and healthcare workers from blood, bodily fluids, secretions and excretions
- A risk assessment on the transmission and contamination to patients from blood, bodily fluid, secretions and excretions

Q10 Which hygiene procedures reduce the risk of infection transmission the most (Select all that apply)

- Bare below the elbow
- Identifying unused taps or toilet facilities
- Identifying the Patient Zone
- 5 moments of hand hygiene
- Hand washing and gel technique

Thank you for completing this Q and A session. We will feedback your score in due course.

Score ___/10

Pass

Resubmit